Table of Contents

| D. | Fluid | Air Mo | dules | D-2 | |
|------------|--|-------------------------|---|------|--|
| FH | 6-M/T | , AQ3-T | Г—Fluid/Air Module | D-2 | |
| 1. | Product OverviewD-: | | | | |
| 2. | Inst | allation | 1 | D-3 | |
| | 2.1 | 2.1 Module Installation | | | |
| | 2.2 | Modul | le Removal | D-4 | |
| 3. | Ope | ration . | | D-5 | |
| 4. | Maintenance | | | D-6 | |
| | 4.1 | Preve | ntive Maintenance | D-6 | |
| 5. | Troubleshooting and Service Procedures | | | D-7 | |
| | 5.1 | D-7 | | | |
| | 5.2 | Servic | ce Procedures | D-8 | |
| | | 5.2.1 | Master Side Self-Sealing Valve Inspection and Replacement | D-8 | |
| | | 5.2.2 | Tool Side Self Sealing Valve | D-10 | |
| 6. | Serviceable Parts | | | D-12 | |
| | 6.1 | Maste | r Module Mounting Hardware | D-12 | |
| | 6.2 Tool Module Mounting Hardware | | | D-12 | |
| 7 . | SpecificationsD-1 | | | D-12 | |
| 8. | Drawings | | | D-13 | |
| | 8.1 FH6-M FH6-T | | | D-13 | |
| | 8.2 FH6-M AQ3-T | | | D-14 | |

D. Fluid/Air Modules

FH6-M/T, AQ3-T—Fluid/Air Module

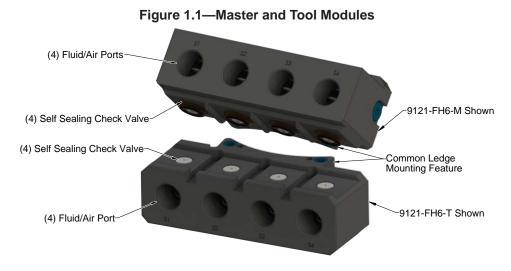
1. Product Overview

Fluid/air modules provide fluid and air utility, and are attached to the Master and Tool plates. When the Tool Changer is coupled, the Master module passes the fluid/air supply to the Tool module for use by the customer tooling. Significant forces are encountered when using these modules. Assistance from the robot may be required to overcome these forces when coupling the Tool Changer.

NOTICE: The Master and Tool modules contain self-sealing valves. Do not use self-sealing valves for vacuum utility.

| Table 1.1—Fluid/Air Modules | | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------|--------|
| Module | Fluid/Air Ports | Valves | Material | Seals |
| FH6-M | (4) 1/2" BSPP | (4) self sealing check | Stainless Steel | Buna-N |
| FH6-T | (4) 1/2" BSPP | (4) self sealing check | Stainless Steel | Buna-N |
| AQ3-T | (1) 1/2" BSPP | (1) self sealing check | Anodized Aluminum | Buna-N |

Both the FH6 Master and Tool side modules are supplied with (4) self sealing fluid/air ports. The AQ3 Tool side is supplied with (1) self sealing air port. Self sealing ports are not to be used for vacuum service.



2. Installation

The fluid/air modules are typically installed by ATI prior to shipment. Installation and removal are outlined in the following section.



WARNING: Do not perform maintenance or repair(s) on the Tool Changer or modules unless the Tool is safely supported or placed in the tool stand, all energized circuits (e.g. electrical, air, water, etc.) are turned off, pressurized connections are purged and power is discharged from circuits in accordance with the customer specific safety practices and policies. Injury or equipment damage can occur with the Tool not placed and energized circuits on. Place the Tool in the tool stand, turn off and discharge all energized circuits, purge all pressurized connections, and verify all circuits are de-energized before performing maintenance or repair(s) on the Tool Changer or modules.



CAUTION: Do not use the Tool Changer with air pressure below 60 psi. Safe, reliable operation of the tool changer is dependent on a continuous supply of compressed air at a pressure of 60 to 100 psi. Robot motion should be halted if the air supply pressure is below 60 psi.



CAUTION: Thread locker applied to fasteners must not be used more than once. Fasteners might become loose and cause equipment damage. Always apply new thread locker when reusing fasteners.

2.1 Module Installation

Refer to Figure 2.1.

Tools required: 3 mm hex key, torque wrench Supplies required: Clean rag, Loctite[®] 222

- 1. Place the Tool in a secure location.
- 2. Uncouple the Master and Tool plates.
- 3. Turn off and de-energize all energized circuits (e.g. electrical, air, water, etc.).
- 4. Clean the mounting surface on the Tool Changer or Utility Coupler.
- 5. Place the module into the appropriate location on the Tool Changer or Utility Coupler body. Align the module with the Tool Changer using the dowels in the bottom of the ledge feature.
- 6. Apply Loctite 222 to the supplied M4 socket head cap screws. Using a 3 mm hex key, install the (4) M4 socket head cap screws securing the module to the Tool Changer or Utility Coupler and tighten to 22 in-lbs (2.5 Nm).
- 7. Connect air plumbing to the module. Ensure that the connectors are clean.
- 8. Safely resume normal operation.

9121-FH6-T Shown
Tool Changer

Figure 2.1—Installation and Removal of the Module

2.2 Module Removal

Tools required: 3 mm hex key **Supplies required:** Clean rag

- 1. Place the Tool in a secure location.
- 2. Uncouple the Master and Tool plates.
- 3. Turn off and de-energize all energized circuits (e.g. electrical, air, water, etc.).

NOTICE: Debris can be expelled at high velocity during the purge, take all required safety precautions.

- 4. All customer plumbing connections to the module must be purged.
 - a. Verify that the supply lines are turned off.
 - b. Cover the valves with a rag for safety.
 - c. Manually actuate the self-sealing valves to purge the line pressure.
- 5. Use a marker pen to indicate where the module is to be re-installed.
- 6. Disconnect air plumbing to the module.
- 7. Remove the (4) M4 socket head cap screws using a 3 mm hex key.
- 8. Remove the module from the Tool Changer or Utility Coupler.

3. Operation

The fluid/air modules are designed to pass fluid/air utilities from the Master to the Tool for use by the customer's tooling (4) self-sealing valves are provided on the Master side so that the fluid/air circuits do not discharge during tool changes.

An additional G 1/8 plugged connection is provided on the end of the Master module. This connection is supplied from the Master module's S4 port and is provided to customers who wish to use that air to supply their valve adapter module with an integrated solenoid valve with lock/unlock air. It can not be used with air adapter modules that require separate lock and unlock air supplies. The customer is warned that if they choose to use this function, the air passing through the S4 port must never drop below the Tool Changer's minimum 60 psi (4 bar) requirement. Failure to maintain this pressure may result in improper and unsafe Tool Changer operation. Contact ATI's Application Engineers for more information.



CAUTION: If the G 1/8 connection to the master module's S4 port is used for lock/unlock air, the pressure must always maintain above 60 psi (4 Bar) to the G1/8 connection to insure proper, safe operation of the Tool Changer locking mechanism. If supply pressure drops below 60 psi (4 bar) the Tool Changer may not be securely locked or in a fail-safe condition, operation must be halted until the air pressure is returned to a minimum of 60 PSI and return the Tool Changer to a secure lock position. Always maintain a minimum of 60 psi (4 bar) to the G 1/8 connection through the S4 port.

Typically, self-sealed valves are specified on the Tool for ports being used for fluid service.

The compressibility of gasses makes it unnecessary to isolate and discharge lines during a tool change. However, liquids are incompressible and therefore coupling lines while pressurized is to be avoided. Liquid displaced by mating coupler components creates extremely high pressure spikes and fluid velocities potentially causing seal damage. These problems become more pronounced as the operating pressure is increased.

In all liquid coupling applications, the customer is advised to take the following steps:

- Plumb the couplers using flexible hoses, which are able to absorb pressure spikes and pulses. Do not use highly reinforced hoses and hard pipe.
- Turn off the supply pump to the circuit and discharge pressure in the lines prior to a tool change.
- Hydraulic pressure accumulators should be installed on both the Master and Tool side plumbing. This is particularly important on the Tool side, with the pump turned off and Master side pressure discharged.
- During routine maintenance of the tool changer, the couplers should be inspected and re-lubricated. Water and most solvents will wash away lubricants necessary to prolong seal life.



CAUTION: Failure to follow these steps will result in premature seal failure, jetting of fluid from the couplers during tool changes, and significant pressure pulses in customer tooling.

4. Maintenance

The operation of the fluid/air modules is generally trouble free. Periodically, the condition of the self-sealing valves should be checked. Refer to *Section 4.1—Preventive Maintenance*.



WARNING: Do not perform maintenance or repair(s) on the Tool Changer or modules unless the Tool is safely supported or placed in the tool stand, all energized circuits (e.g. electrical, air, water, etc.) are turned off, pressurized connections are purged and power is discharged from circuits in accordance with the customer specific safety practices and policies. Injury or equipment damage can occur with the Tool not placed and energized circuits on. Place the Tool in the tool stand, turn off and discharge all energized circuits, purge all pressurized connections, and verify all circuits are de-energized before performing maintenance or repair(s) on the Tool Changer or modules.

4.1 Preventive Maintenance

A visual inspection and preventive maintenance schedule is provided in *Table 4.1*.

| Table 4.1—Preventive Maintenance Schedule | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Inspection Schedule | Action Required | | |
| Weekly | Clean and inspect | | |
| 6 months or 500,000 cycles | Seal replacement | | |
| Checklist | | | |
| Weekly Maintenance: | Weekly Maintenance: | | |
| ☐ Clean mating surfaces. | | | |
| ☐ Inspect modules for air leaks. Replace con | nponents as necessary. | | |
| 6 months or 500,000 cycle Maintenance: | | | |
| seals in both the Master and Tool Module. components (valve stem, check valve pisto | On modules with self-sealing ports, remove and replace self-sealing valve O-rings and seals in both the Master and Tool Module. During O-ring and seal replacement, inspect components (valve stem, check valve piston, and spring) of the valve assemblies in the Master and Tool modules. Refer to Section 5.2—Service Procedures. | | |
| ☐ Check that module mounting bolts are sec | ure. Refer to Section 2.1—Module Installation. | | |

5. Troubleshooting and Service Procedures

This troubleshooting section provides information to help diagnose conditions with the Tool Changer or air module as well as service procedures for component replacement.



WARNING: Do not perform maintenance or repair(s) on the Tool Changer or modules unless the Tool is safely supported or placed in the tool stand, all energized circuits (e.g. electrical, air, water, etc.) are turned off, pressurized connections are purged and power is discharged from circuits in accordance with the customer specific safety practices and policies. Injury or equipment damage can occur with the Tool not placed and energized circuits on. Place the Tool in the tool stand, turn off and discharge all energized circuits, purge all pressurized connections, and verify all circuits are de-energized before performing maintenance or repair(s) on the Tool Changer or modules.



CAUTION: Thread locker applied to fasteners must not be used more than once. Fasteners might become loose and cause equipment damage. Always apply new thread locker when reusing fasteners.

5.1 Troubleshooting

Troubleshooting information is provided in the following table.

| | Table 5.1—Troubleshooting Procedures | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Symptom Possible Cause | | Correction | | |
| | The seals are damaged or worn | Replace O-rings as needed. Refer to Section 5.2— Service Procedures. | | |
| | Debris is blocking the valve seal (for self-sealing valves) | Clean in and around valve components. Ensure fluid stream is free of large particulates; filter as necessary. | | |
| Fliud/Air Leakage | The valve piston is bent (for self-sealing valves) | Replace stem. Refer to Section 5.2—Service Procedures. Check module attachment to Tool Changer. Refer to Section 2.1—Module Installation. Check robot program and ensure parallel approach trajectory during Tool Changer coupling. | | |
| | Corrosion | Consult ATI Applications Engineering for assistance. | | |
| Fluid sprays during uncoupling | Surge/Water Hammer | Decrease pressure differential between supply and return lines or install pressure compensation system (e.g. accumulator or surge suppressor as close as possible to spraying port). | | |
| | | Consult ATI for assistance. | | |
| | Flow path blockage | Inspect valve components and supply/return lines for blockage. Clean/repair as necessary. | | |
| Insufficient Flow | Debris is blocking the valve seal (for self-sealing valves) | Clean in and around valve components. Ensure air stream is free of large particulates; filter as necessary. | | |
| | Debris is between Tool Change Master and Tool plates or modules | Clean debris from between Master and Tool Plates and modules. | | |
| Modules do not couple | The valve piston and/or dowel pin (for self-sealing valves) is bent | Replace stem. Refer to Section 5.2—Service Procedures. Check module attachment to Tool Changer. Refer to Section 2.1—Module Installation. Check robot program and ensure parallel approach trajectory during Tool Changer coupling. | | |

5.2 Service Procedures

Component replacement and adjustment procedures are provided in the following section.

5.2.1 Master Side Self-Sealing Valve Inspection and Replacement

Parts required: Refer to Section 8—Drawings
Tools required: 2.5 mm hex key, torque wrench

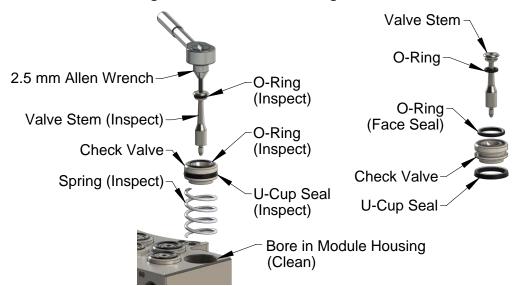
Supplies required: Clean rag, Magnalube G lubricant

- 1. Place the Tool in a secure location.
- 2. Uncouple the Master and Tool plates.
- 3. Turn off and de-energize all energized circuits (e.g. electrical, air, water, etc.).

NOTICE: Debris can be expelled at high velocity during the purge, take all required safety precautions.

- 4. Purge and disconnect all customer plumbing connections to the module.
 - a. Turn the supply lines off.
 - b. Cover the valves with a rag for safety.
 - c. Manually actuate the module's self-sealing valves to purge the line pressure. Note: Debris can be expelled at high velocity during the purge, take all required safety precautions.
- Depending on the type of service or repair, connections to the module might also need to be disconnected.
- 6. Remove the valve stem using a 2.5 mm hex key. Do not strip the hex on the valve stem during removal.
- 7. Remove the check valve piston and spring. Clean any lubrication from the check valve piston, valve stem, spring, and bore in the module housing using a clean rag.
- 8. Inspect the valve stem for straightness, and replace, if bent.
- 9. Inspect the o-rings and u-cup seal on the valve stem and check valve piston for wear and damage. Replace components that are damaged or worn.
- 10. Inspect the spring in the assembly and replace if damaged or worn.

Figure 5.1—Master Self-Sealing Valve



11. Lubricate the bore in the module housing with Magnalube G (Teflon/Petroleum based grease).

NOTICE: Do not lubricate the O-ring face seal until after installation. Lubricating the O-ring before installation can cause the O-ring to blow out during coupling and uncoupling.

- 12. If replacing seals, lubricate the valve stem O-ring and the check valve piston U-cup seal with Magnalube G (Teflon/Petroleum based grease).
- 13. Install the O-ring on the valve stem.
- 14. Install the U-cup seal on the check valve. Do not get lubrication in the face seal groove in the check valve.
- 15. Install the non-lubricated O-ring (face seal) into the check valve.
- 16. Install the spring into the bore in the module housing, seat the check valve on the spring.
- 17. If the threaded end of the valve stem does not have pre-applied adhesive, apply Loctite 7649 primer and then Loctite 222 or similar thread locker to the threaded end of the valve stem. If the module housing is stainless steel, also add Loctite 7649 primer to the housing threads.

O-Ring (Lubricate)

O-Ring (Face Seal)

(Lubrication after Installation)

U-Cup Seal (Lubricate)

Install U-Cup Seal as Shown

Bore in Module Housing (Lubricate)

Figure 5.2—Master Self-Sealing Valve Installation

- 18. Install the valve stem. The check valve piston must be pushed down flush with the mating surface of the Master housing in order to install the threaded end of the valve stem. Do not damage the U-cup seal around the check valve piston. A small, flat-head screwdriver can be used to ensure that the U-cup seal is fully located in the recess and not folded over itself prior to screwing in the valve stem. Tighten the stem to 10 in-lbs (1.1 Nm).
- 19. Lubricate the installed O-ring (face seal) with Magnalube G (Teflon/Petroleum based grease).
- 20. Safely resume normal operation.

5.2.2 Tool Side Self Sealing Valve

Parts required: Refer to Section 8—Drawings

Tools required: 10 mm hex key, Torque wrench

Supplies required: Clean rag, Magnalube G lubricant

- 1. Place the Tool in a secure location.
- 2. Uncouple the Master and Tool plates.
- 3. Turn off and de-energize all energized circuits (e.g. electrical, air, water, etc.).

NOTICE: Debris can be expelled at high velocity during the purge, take all required safety precautions.

- 4. All customer plumbing connections to the module must be purged.
 - a. Verify that the supply lines are turned off.
 - b. Cover the valves with a rag for safety.
 - c. Manually actuate the self-sealing valves to purge the line pressure.
- 5. If required disconnect connections to the module.

NOTICE: You might need to remove the Tool side module to access the plug.

- 6. Remove the plug assembly from the bottom of the air module using a 10 mm hex key.
- 7. Remove the spring and valve assembly from the housing.

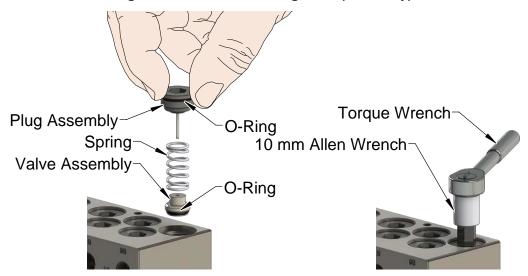
10 mm Allen Wrench O-Ring Plug Assembly (Inspect) Plug Assembly Dowel Pin Spring (Inspect) O-Ring (Inspect) (Lubricate) Valve Assembly Valve Assembly O-Ring (Inspect) O-Rina (Lubricate) Bore in Module Housing (Clean and Lubricate)

Figure 5.3—Tool Self-Sealing Valve (Disassembly)

- 8. Clean all lubrication from the plug assembly, valve assembly, spring, and bore in the housing using a clean rag.
- 9. Inspect the dowel pin that is contained in the plug assembly for straightness. Replace the plug assembly if the dowel pin is bent.
- 10. Inspect the O-rings on the plug and valve assemblies, replace if worn or damaged.
- 11. Inspect the spring in the assembly and replace if worn or damaged.

- 12. If replacing the O-rings, lubricate both new O-rings with Magnalube G (Teflon/Petroleum based grease).
- 13. Install the O-rings on the plug assembly and the valve assembly.

Figure 5.4—Tool Self-Sealing Valve (Assembly)



- 14. Install the check valve piston, make sure it is seated properly in the housing.
- 15. Install the spring into the housing, make sure it is installed over the step on the check valve.



CAUTION: Do not use excess force when installing the plug assembly into the housing. Using excessive force can damage the O-ring and strip the threads on the plug assembly. Thread the plug assembly into the Tool housing by hand, until several threads are engaged into the housing. Then use a 10 mm hex key to complete the installation. Torque the plug to 30 in-lbs (3.39 Nm).

- 16. Carefully install the plug assembly aligning the dowel pin into the check valve piston. Thread the plug assembly into the housing by hand until several threads are engaged in the housing.
- 17. Tighten the plug assembly using a 10 mm hex key to 30 in-lbs (3.39 Nm).
- 18. Verify the check valve piston is seated properly in the housing.
- 19. Safely resume normal operation.

6. Serviceable Parts

See drawings in *Section 8—Drawings* of this manual.

6.1 Master Module Mounting Hardware

| Table 6.1—Master Module Mounting Hardware | | |
|---|-----|--|
| Part Number | Qty | Description |
| 3500-1066020-21A | 2 | M6 x 20 Socket Head Cap Screw, SS, ND Microspheres |

6.2 Tool Module Mounting Hardware

| Table 6.2—Tool Module Mounting Hardware | | | |
|---|-----|--------------------------------------|--|
| Part Number | Qty | Description | |
| 3500-1065016-21 | 2 | M6 X 16 Socket Head Cap Screw, SS316 | |

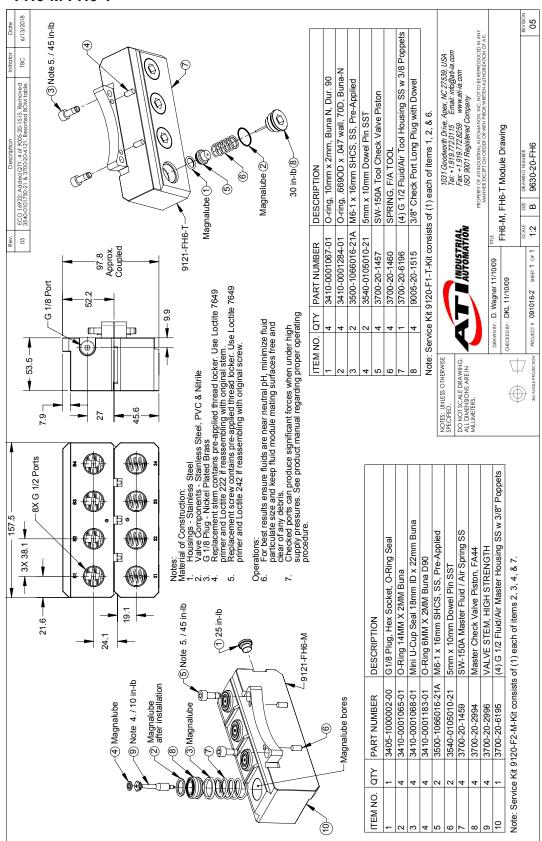
7. Specifications

| Table 7.1—FH6 Module Specifications | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| 9121-FH6-M | Stainless Steel Fluid/Air module with (4) 1/2" G self sealing ports, style 1d - Master side | |
| 9121-FH6-T | Stainless Steel Fluid/Air module with (4) 1/2" G self sealing ports, style 1d - Tool side | |
| Materials of Construction | Various - Stainless Steel valve components and housing, Buna-N seals | |
| Weight: | | |
| Master Module | 6.6 lbs (3.0 kg) | |
| Tool Module | 4.9 lbs (2.2 kg) | |
| Self sealing Valves: | | |
| Quantity | 4 | |
| Air Pressure | Maximum pressure of 100 psi (6.9 bar) | |
| Cv, Min | 1.6 | |
| Customer Port Connection | 1/2" BSPP "G" | |

| Table 7.2—AQ3 Module Specifications | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| 9121-AQ3-T | Pneumatic module with (1) G 1/2 self sealing port - Tool side | |
| Materials of Construction | Various - Stainless Steel valve components, aluminum housing, Buna-N seals | |
| Weight: | | |
| Tool Module | 4.9 lbs (2.2 kg) | |
| Self sealing Valves: | | |
| Quantity | 4 | |
| Air Pressure | Maximum pressure of 100 psi (6.9 bar) | |
| Cv, Min | 1.6 | |
| Customer Port Connection | 1/2" BSPP "G" | |

8. Drawings

8.1 FH6-M FH6-T



8.2 FH6-M AQ3-T

